There are two classes of private receiving licences, one for battery-operated receivers (fee \$2 per annum), and the other for electrically operated receivers (fee \$2.50 per annum). Free licences are issued for crystal receiving sets and to blind persons, schools, hospitals and charitable institutions; also for receiving sets installed in barracks, mess-halls, canteens or recreational rooms for the gratuitous entertainment of members of naval, military or air forces and merchant seamen; and sets operated by persons whose names appear on the diplomatic list of the Department of External Affairs and consuls general of career as listed in the Annual Report of the Department of External Affairs.

Exact figures of revenues received from private receiving licences are not available by provinces. This is partly due to the fact that commissions paid for the issuance of licences vary according to the classification in which the issue falls, that is, post office, radio dealer, house-to-house vendor, etc. In Table 4, therefore, total revenue received from the sale of private receiving licences has been estimated according to the number of licences issued in each province.

4.—Revenues from Private Receiving Licences Issued, by Provinces, Years Ended Mar. 31, 1940-46

NOTE.—The figures in	this table are approximations	only; see text above.	Comparable figures for
1933-39 will be found at p.	722 of the 1940 Year Book.		

Province	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Prince Edward Island	12,075	13,335	18,568	17,586	21,521	21,009	21,258
Nova Scotia	125,763	140,346	160,236	182,284	178,472	185,603	181,150
New Brunswick	85,364	94,016	108,607	117,608	117,403	119,493	122,858
Quebec	735,521	797, 892	921,030	1,001,362	1,044,230	1,047,983	1,106,824
Ontario	1,194,050	1,281,236	1,385,777	1,460,397	1,482,491	1,436,984	1,396,387
Manitoba	197,311	207, 268	228, 218	237,611	241, 191	233,781	234,732
Saskatchewan	203,757	224,924	249,979	261,336	264,056	267,070	260,777
Alberta	222,695	231,729	260, 221	269,538	274, 139	278,014	261,010
British Columbia	259.749	287,249	315,512	341.543	358, 475	372,408	378,744
Yukon and N.W.T	783	1,131	1,511	1,413	936	856	863
Canada	3,037,068	3,279,126	3,649,659	3,890,678	3,982,914	3,963,201	3,964,603

Subsection 3.—Investigation and Suppression of Inductive Interference

Twenty-four cars equipped with sensitive apparatus for the investigation of interference to radio reception operate from permanent inspection offices located in 21 cities across the Dominion. The inspectors in charge of these cars interview broadcast listeners who have reported interference, and determine the actual source. Tests are then made to ascertain whether or not the interference can be suppressed effectively and economically. The owners of the interfering apparatus are advised of the results of the tests carried out and are given full information regarding the most effective means of suppressing or eliminating the interference.

The Radio Division has been co-operating with the Canadian Standards Association in drafting specifications on interference suppressors and measurements of radio interference, also on interference from street railways, power lines, motor-vehicles, low-voltage apparatus, etc. Many special types of interference suppressors have been developed and have proven superior to those previously used.